

# Verifying a Hotel Key Card System

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# Outline

1 Hotel Card System

2 Verification with Alloy

3 Verification with Isabelle

# Hotel Key Card

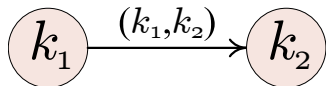
- Decentralized system
- Two key numbers in a card
  - ▶  $key_1$ : old key of the previous occupant
  - ▶  $key_2$ : new key of the current occupant
- One key number in a lock
  - ▶  $key_L = key_2$ : Open
  - ▶  $key_L = key_1$ : Open & Recode  $key_L := key_2$



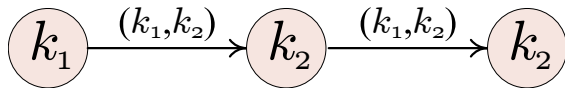
# Hotel Key Card



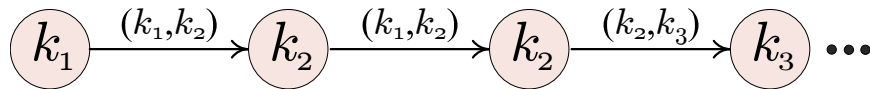
# Hotel Key Card



# Hotel Key Card



# Hotel Key Card



# Correctness

- Is the system correct?
- Safety: Only the owner of a room can be in a room
- Liveness?
- Verify the correctness of the system using Alloy and Isabelle/HOL
  - ▶ Alloy implementation is taken from “Software Abstractions: Logic, Language, and Analysis”, Daniel Jackson



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# Objects

```
sig Key, Time {}  
sig Card { fst, snd: Key }  
sig Room { key: Key one → Time}  
one sig Desk {  
  issued: Key → Time,  
  prev: (Room → lone Key) → Time}  
sig Guest {  
  cards: Card → Time}
```

```
pred init [t: Time] {  
  Desk.prev.t = key.t  
  Desk.issued.t = Room.key.t and no cards.t }
```

# Checkin

```
pred checkin [t,t': Time, r: Room, g: Guest] {  
  some c: Card {  
    c.fst = r.(Desk.prev.t)  
    c.snd not in Desk.issued.t  
    cards.t' = cards.t + g → c  
    Desk.issued.t' = Desk.issued.t + c.snd  
    Desk.prev.t' = Desk.prev.t ++ r → c.snd  
  }  
  key.t = key.t'  
}
```

# Enter

```
pred enter [t,t': Time, r: Room, g: Guest] {  
  some c: g.cards.t |  
    let k = r.key.t {  
      c.snd = k and key.t' = key.t  
      or c.fst = k and key.t' = key.t ++ r → c.snd  
    }  
  issued.t = issued.t' and prev.t = prev.t'  
  cards.t = cards.t'  
}
```

# Demo (Alloy)

# Guest-in-the-middle attack

Check-in

$G_1$

$(k_1, k_2)$

# Guest-in-the-middle attack

Check-in	$G_1$	$(k_1, k_2)$
Check-out	$G_1$	

# Guest-in-the-middle attack

Check-in	$G_1$	$(k_1, k_2)$
Check-out	$G_1$	
Check-in	$G_2$	$(k_2, k_3)$



# Guest-in-the-middle attack

Check-in	$G_1$	$(k_1, k_2)$
Check-out	$G_1$	
Check-in	$G_2$	$(k_2, k_3)$
Check-out	$G_2$	

## Guest-in-the-middle attack

Check-in	$G_1$	$(k_1, k_2)$
Check-out	$G_1$	
Check-in	$G_2$	$(k_2, k_3)$
Check-out	$G_2$	
Check-in	$G_1$	$(k_3, k_4)$

## Guest-in-the-middle attack

Check-in	$G_1$	$(k_1, k_2)$
Check-out	$G_1$	
Check-in	$G_2$	$(k_2, k_3)$
Check-out	$G_2$	
Check-in	$G_1$	$(k_3, k_4)$
Enter-room	$G_1$	$(k_1, k_2)$

## Guest-in-the-middle attack

Check-in	$G_1$	$(k_1, k_2)$
Check-out	$G_1$	
Check-in	$G_2$	$(k_2, k_3)$
Check-out	$G_2$	
Check-in	$G_1$	$(k_3, k_4)$
Enter-room	$G_1$	$(k_1, k_2)$
Enter-room	$G_2$	$(k_2, k_3)$

# General Case

## Alloy solution

- Assume everybody returns their old cards upon check-in
- $\text{cards.t}' = \text{cards.t} + g \rightarrow c$
- $\text{cards.t}' = \text{cards.t} ++ g \rightarrow c$

## Theorem proving

- Alloy conjecture: No attack for 4 keys and cards, 7 time instants, two guests and one room
- Prove the conjecture in Isabelle/HOL

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## Record state

(\* reception \*)

*owns* :: *room*  $\Rightarrow$  *guest*

*currk* :: *room*  $\Rightarrow$  *key*

*issued* :: *key set*

(\* guests \*)

*cards* :: *guest*  $\Rightarrow$  *card set*

(\* rooms \*)

*roomk* :: *room*  $\Rightarrow$  *key*

*isin* :: *room*  $\Rightarrow$  *guest set*

# Initialization

(  
  *owns* = *arbitrary*,  
  *currk* = *initk*,  
  *issued* = *range initk*,  
  *cards* =  $(\lambda g.\emptyset)$ ,  
  *roomk* = *initk*,  
  *isin* =  $(\lambda r.\emptyset)$ ,  
)  
∈ *R*



## Check-in

$s \in R$  and  $k \notin \text{issued } s$  then

$\langle \text{owns} := (\text{owns } s)(r := g),$

$\text{cards} := (\text{cards } s)(g := \text{cards } s \ g \cup \{(\text{currk } s \ r, k)\}),$

$\text{currk} := (\text{currk } s)(r := k),$

$\text{issued} := \text{issued } s \cup \{k\}$

$\rangle \in R$

## Enter room

$s \in R$  and  $(k, k') \in \text{cards } s \text{ } g$  and  $\text{roomk } s \text{ } r \in \{k, k'\}$  then

$$\langle \text{isin} := (\text{isin } s)(r := \text{isin } s \text{ } r \cup \{g\}),$$
$$\text{roomk} := (\text{roomk } s)(r := k')$$

$\rangle \in R$

# Safety formalized

- Add state component  $safe :: room \Rightarrow bool$
- Initially  $safe$  is *True* everywhere
- Check-in for room  $r$  sets  $safe\ r$  to *False*
- Enter for room  $r$  sets  $safe\ r$  to *True* if the owner entered an empty room with card  $(-, k')$  such that  $k'$  is *currk*  $r$  (at reception)
- Proof: If a room is *safe*, only its owner can be in it

# Demo (Isabelle/HOL)

## Two approaches

Alloy

Software specs

Set theory

Search for finite counter examples

Isabelle/HOL

General purpose

Higher-Order Logic

Interactive & automatic proof